1 AN ACT

- 2 relating to certain criminal offenses, punishments, and
- 3 procedures; the construction of certain statutes and rules that
- 4 create or define criminal offenses and penalties; a review of
- 5 certain penal laws of this state.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 7 SECTION 1. Article 18.02(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 (a) A search warrant may be issued to search for and seize:
- 10 (1) property acquired by theft or in any other manner
- 11 which makes its acquisition a penal offense;
- 12 (2) property specially designed, made, or adapted for
- 13 or commonly used in the commission of an offense;
- 14 (3) arms and munitions kept or prepared for the
- 15 purposes of insurrection or riot;
- 16 (4) weapons prohibited by the Penal Code;
- 17 (5) gambling devices or equipment, altered gambling
- 18 equipment, or gambling paraphernalia;
- 19 (6) obscene materials kept or prepared for commercial
- 20 distribution or exhibition, subject to the additional rules set
- 21 forth by law;
- 22 (7) a drug, controlled substance, immediate
- 23 precursor, chemical precursor, or other controlled substance
- 24 property, including an apparatus or paraphernalia kept, prepared,

- 1 or manufactured in violation of the laws of this state;
- 2 (8) any property the possession of which is prohibited
- 3 by law;
- 4 (9) implements or instruments used in the commission
- 5 of a crime;
- 6 (10) property or items, except the personal writings
- 7 by the accused, constituting evidence of an offense or constituting
- 8 evidence tending to show that a particular person committed an
- 9 offense;
- 10 (11) persons;
- 11 (12) contraband subject to forfeiture under Chapter 59
- 12 of this code; [<del>or</del>]
- 13 (13) electronic customer data held in electronic
- 14 storage, including the contents of and records and other
- 15 information related to a wire communication or electronic
- 16 communication held in electronic storage; or
- 17 (14) a cellular telephone or other wireless
- 18 communications device, subject to Article 18.0215.
- 19 SECTION 2. Chapter 18, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 20 amended by adding Article 18.0215 to read as follows:
- 21 Art. 18.0215. ACCESS TO CELLULAR TELEPHONE OR OTHER
- 22 WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE. (a) A peace officer may not search
- 23 <u>a person's cellular telephone or other wireless communications</u>
- 24 device, pursuant to a lawful arrest of the person without obtaining
- 25 a warrant under this article.
- 26 (b) A warrant under this article may be issued only by a
- 27 judge in the same judicial district as the site of:

1	(1) the law enforcement agency that employs the peace		
2	officer, if the cellular telephone or other wireless communications		
3	device is in the officer's possession; or		
4	(2) the likely location of the telephone or device.		
5	(c) A judge may issue a warrant under this article only on		
6	the application of a peace officer. An application must be writted		
7	and signed and sworn to or affirmed before the judge. The		
8	application must:		
9	(1) state the name, department, agency, and address of		
10	the applicant;		
11	(2) identify the cellular telephone or other wireless		
12	communications device to be searched;		
13	(3) state the name of the owner or possessor of the		
14	telephone or device to be searched;		
15	(4) state the judicial district in which:		
16	(A) the law enforcement agency that employs the		
17	peace officer is located, if the telephone or device is in the		
18	officer's possession; or		
19	(B) the telephone or device is likely to be		
20	<pre>located; and</pre>		
21	(5) state the facts and circumstances that provide the		
22	applicant with probable cause to believe that:		
23	(A) criminal activity has been, is, or will be		
24	<pre>committed; and</pre>		
25	(B) searching the telephone or device is likely		
26	to produce evidence in the investigation of the criminal activity		

described in Paragraph (A).

27

- 1 (d) Notwithstanding any other law, a peace officer may
- 2 search a cellular telephone or other wireless communications device
- 3 without a warrant if:
- 4 (1) the owner or possessor of the telephone or device
- 5 consents to the search;
- 6 (2) the telephone or device is reported stolen by the
- 7 <u>owner or possessor; or</u>
- 8 (3) the officer reasonably believes that:
- 9 (A) the telephone or device is in the possession
- 10 of a fugitive from justice for whom an arrest warrant has been
- 11 issued for committing a felony offense; or
- 12 (B) there exists an immediate life-threatening
- 13 situation, as defined by Section 1, Article 18.20.
- 14 (e) A peace officer must apply for a warrant to search a
- 15 <u>cellular telephone or other wireless communications device as soon</u>
- 16 <u>as practicable after a search is conducted under Subsection</u>
- 17 (d)(3)(A) or (B). If the judge finds that the applicable situation
- 18 under Subsection (d)(3)(A) or (B) did not occur and declines to
- 19 issue the warrant, any evidence obtained is not admissible in a
- 20 criminal action.
- 21 SECTION 3. Article 32A.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 22 amended to read as follows:
- 23 Art. 32A.01. TRIAL PRIORITIES. (a) Insofar as is
- 24 practicable, the trial of a criminal action shall be given
- 25 preference over trials of civil cases, and the trial of a criminal
- 26 action against a defendant who is detained in jail pending trial of
- 27 the action shall be given preference over trials of other criminal

- 1 actions not described by Subsection (b).
- 2 (b) Unless extraordinary circumstances require otherwise,
- 3 the trial of a criminal action in which the alleged victim is
- 4 younger than 14 years of age shall be given preference over other
- 5 matters before the court, whether civil or criminal.
- 6 SECTION 4. Subchapter C, Chapter 311, Government Code, is
- 7 amended by adding Section 311.035 to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 311.035. CONSTRUCTION OF STATUTE OR RULE INVOLVING
- 9 CRIMINAL OFFENSE OR PENALTY. (a) In this section, "actor" and
- 10 "element of offense" have the meanings assigned by Section 1.07,
- 11 Penal Code.
- 12 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), a statute or rule
- 13 that creates or defines a criminal offense or penalty shall be
- 14 construed in favor of the actor if any part of the statute or rule is
- 15 <u>ambiguous on its face or as applied to the case, including:</u>
- 16 (1) an element of offense; or
- 17 (2) the penalty to be imposed.
- 18 (c) Subsection (b) does not apply to a criminal offense or
- 19 penalty under the Penal Code or under the Texas Controlled
- 20 Substances Act.
- 21 (d) The ambiguity of a part of a statute or rule to which
- 22 this section applies is a matter of law to be resolved by the judge.
- 23 SECTION 5. Sections 28.03(b), (f), (h), and (j), Penal
- 24 Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 25 (b) Except as provided by Subsections (f) and (h), an
- 26 offense under this section is:
- 27 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if:

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- 1 (A) the amount of pecuniary loss is less than
- 2 \$100 [<del>\$50</del>]; or
- 3 (B) except as provided in Subdivision (3)(A) or
- 4 (3)(B), it causes substantial inconvenience to others;
- 5 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of pecuniary
- 6 loss is  $\frac{$100}{$}$  [\$50] or more but less than  $\frac{$750}{$}$  [\$500];
- 7 (3) a Class A misdemeanor if:
- 8 (A) the amount of pecuniary loss is \$750 [\$500]
- 9 or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500]; or
- 10 (B) the actor causes in whole or in part
- 11 impairment or interruption of any public water supply, or causes to
- 12 be diverted in whole, in part, or in any manner, including
- 13 installation or removal of any device for any such purpose, any
- 14 public water supply, regardless of the amount of the pecuniary
- 15 loss;
- 16 (4) a state jail felony if the amount of pecuniary loss
- 17 is:
- 18 (A)  $\$2,500 \ [\$1,500]$  or more but less than \$30,000
- 19 [\$20,000];
- 20 (B) less than  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [ $\frac{$1,500}{}$ ], if the property
- 21 damaged or destroyed is a habitation and if the damage or
- 22 destruction is caused by a firearm or explosive weapon;
- (C) less than  $\frac{$2,500}{$}$  [\$\frac{\$1,500}{\$}], if the property
- 24 was a fence used for the production or containment of:
- 25 (i) cattle, bison, horses, sheep, swine,
- 26 goats, exotic livestock, or exotic poultry; or
- 27 (ii) game animals as that term is defined by

- 1 Section 63.001, Parks and Wildlife Code; or
- 2 (D) less than  $$30,000 \ [\$20,000]$  and the actor
- 3 causes wholly or partly impairment or interruption of public
- 4 communications, public transportation, public gas or power supply,
- 5 or other public service, or causes to be diverted wholly, partly, or
- 6 in any manner, including installation or removal of any device for
- 7 any such purpose, any public communications or public gas or power
- 8 supply;
- 9 (5) a felony of the third degree if the amount of the
- 10 pecuniary loss is  $\frac{$30,000}{}$  [ $\frac{$20,000}{}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$150,000}{}$
- 11 [\$100,000];
- 12 (6) a felony of the second degree if the amount of
- 13 pecuniary loss is \$150,000 [ $\frac{$100,000}{}$ ] or more but less than
- 14 \$300,000 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 15 (7) a felony of the first degree if the amount of
- 16 pecuniary loss is \$300,000 [ $\frac{$200,000}{}$ ] or more.
- 17 (f) An offense under this section is a state jail felony if
- 18 the damage or destruction is inflicted on a place of worship or
- 19 human burial, a public monument, or a community center that
- 20 provides medical, social, or educational programs and the amount of
- 21 the pecuniary loss to real property or to tangible personal
- 22 property is \$750 or more but less than \$30,000 [\$20,000].
- (h) An offense under this section is a state jail felony if
- 24 the amount of the pecuniary loss to real property or to tangible
- 25 personal property is \$750 [\$1,500] or more but less than \$30,000
- 26 [\$20,000] and the damage or destruction is inflicted on a public or
- 27 private elementary school, secondary school, or institution of

- 1 higher education.
- 2 (j) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), an offense under this
- 3 section is a felony of the third degree if:
- 4 (1) the tangible property damaged, destroyed, or
- 5 tampered with is transportation communications equipment or a
- 6 transportation communications device; and
- 7 (2) the amount of the pecuniary loss to the tangible
- 8 property is less than \$150,000 [ $\frac{$100,000}{}$ ].
- 9 SECTION 6. Section 28.06(d), Penal Code, is amended to read
- 10 as follows:
- 11 (d) If the amount of pecuniary loss cannot be ascertained by
- 12 the criteria set forth in Subsections (a) through (c), the amount of
- 13 loss is deemed to be greater than \$750 [\$500] but less than \$2,500
- [\$1,500].
- SECTION 7. Section 28.07(e), Penal Code, is amended to read
- 16 as follows:
- (e) An offense under Subsection (b)(2)(B), (b)(2)(C), or
- 18 (b)(2)(D) is a Class C misdemeanor unless the person causes
- 19 pecuniary loss of \$100 or more, in which event the offense is:
- 20 (1) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of pecuniary
- 21 loss is  $\frac{$100}{}$  [\$20] or more but less than  $\frac{$750}{}$  [\$500];
- 22 (2) a Class A misdemeanor if the amount of pecuniary
- 23 loss is  $\frac{$750}{}$  [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500];
- 24 (3) a state jail felony if the amount of pecuniary loss
- 25 is \$2,500 [\$1,500] or more but less than \$30,000 [\$20,000];
- 26 (4) a felony of the third degree if the amount of the
- 27 pecuniary loss is \$30,000 [ $\frac{$20,000}{}$ ] or more but less than \$150,000

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1 [\$100,000];
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- 2 (5) a felony of the second degree if the amount of
- 3 pecuniary loss is \$150,000 [\$100,000] or more but less than
- 4 \$300,000 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 5 (6) a felony of the first degree if the amount of the
- 6 pecuniary loss is \$300,000 [\$200,000] or more.
- 7 SECTION 8. Sections 28.08(b) and (d), Penal Code, are
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (d), an offense under
- 10 this section is:
- 11 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the amount of pecuniary
- 12 loss is less than \$100;
- 13 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of pecuniary
- 14 loss is \$100 or more but less than \$750 [\$500];
- 15  $\underline{(3)}$  [ $\underline{(2)}$ ] a Class A misdemeanor if the amount of
- 16 pecuniary loss is  $\frac{$750}{$}$  [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500];
- (4)  $\left[\frac{(3)}{(3)}\right]$  a state jail felony if the amount of
- 18 pecuniary loss is \$2,500 [\$1,500] or more but less than \$30,000
- 19 [\$20,000];
- (5)  $[\frac{4}{1}]$  a felony of the third degree if the amount of
- 21 pecuniary loss is  $\frac{$30,000}{}$  [ $\frac{$20,000}{}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$150,000}{}$
- 22 [<del>\$100,000</del>];
- (6)  $[\frac{(5)}{(5)}]$  a felony of the second degree if the amount
- 24 of pecuniary loss is \$150,000 [\$100,000] or more but less than
- 25 \$300,000 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 26 (7) [(6)] a felony of the first degree if the amount of
- 27 pecuniary loss is \$300,000 [ $\frac{$200,000}{}$ ] or more.

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- 1 (d) An offense under this section is a state jail felony if:
- 2 (1) the marking is made on a school, an institution of
- 3 higher education, a place of worship or human burial, a public
- 4 monument, or a community center that provides medical, social, or
- 5 educational programs; and
- 6 (2) the amount of the pecuniary loss to real property
- 7 or to tangible personal property is \$750 or more but less than
- $8 \quad \frac{$30,000}{} \quad [\frac{$20,000}{}].$
- 9 SECTION 9. Article 14.06(d), Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 10 amended to read as follows:
- 11 (d) Subsection (c) applies only to a person charged with
- 12 committing an offense under:
- 13 (1) Section 481.121, Health and Safety Code, if the
- 14 offense is punishable under Subsection (b)(1) or (2) of that
- 15 section;
- 16 (1-a) Section 481.1161, Health and Safety Code, if the
- 17 offense is punishable under Subsection (b)(1) or (2) of that
- 18 section;
- 19 (2) Section 28.03, Penal Code, if the offense is
- 20 punishable under Subsection (b)(2) of that section;
- 21 (3) Section 28.08, Penal Code, if the offense is
- 22 punishable under Subsection (b)(2) or (3)  $[\frac{b}{1}]$  of that section;
- 23 (4) Section 31.03, Penal Code, if the offense is
- 24 punishable under Subsection (e)(2)(A) of that section;
- 25 (5) Section 31.04, Penal Code, if the offense is
- 26 punishable under Subsection (e)(2) of that section;
- 27 (6) Section 38.114, Penal Code, if the offense is

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1
    punishable as a Class B misdemeanor; or
 2
                (7) Section 521.457, Transportation Code.
          SECTION 10. Section 31.03(e), Penal Code, is amended to
 3
    read as follows:
 4
 5
          (e) Except as provided by Subsection (f), an offense under
    this section is:
 6
                     a Class C misdemeanor if the value of the property
 7
                (1)
8
    stolen is less than $100[÷
                      [<del>(A) $50; or</del>
 9
10
                      [(B) $20 and the defendant obtained the property
    by issuing or passing a check or similar sight order in a manner
11
    described by Section 31.06];
12
                (2) a Class B misdemeanor if:
13
14
                           the value of the property stolen is $100[+
15
                           [\frac{(i)}{50}] or more but less than 5750 [500;
16
    <del>or</del>
                           [(ii) $20 or more but less than $500 and the
17
    defendant obtained the property by issuing or passing a check or
18
    similar sight order in a manner described by Section 31.06];
19
20
                      (B) the value of the property stolen is less than
    $100[÷
21
22
                           [\frac{(i)}{50}] and the defendant has previously
    been convicted of any grade of theft; or
23
24
                           [(ii) $20, the defendant has previously
25
    been convicted of any grade of theft, and the defendant obtained the
26
    property by issuing or passing a check or similar sight order in a
    manner described by Section 31.06; or]
27
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                     (C) the property stolen is a driver's license,
   commercial
                 driver's
                             license,
                                             personal
                                                         identification
 2
                                        or
 3
    certificate issued by this state or another state;
                (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the value of the property
 4
 5
    stolen is $750 [\$500] or more but less than $2,500 [\$1,500];
                (4)
                     a state jail felony if:
 6
 7
                     (A)
                          the value of the property stolen is $2,500
8
    [\$1,500] or more but less than $30,000 [\$20,000], or the property is
    less than 10 head of sheep, swine, or goats or any part thereof
 9
    under the value of $30,000 [$20,000];
10
                         regardless of value, the property is stolen
11
    from the person of another or from a human corpse or grave,
12
    including property that is a military grave marker;
13
14
                     (C)
                          the property stolen is a firearm, as defined
15
   by Section 46.01;
16
                     (D)
                          the value of the property stolen is less than
17
    $2,500 \ [\$1,500] and the defendant has been previously convicted two
    or more times of any grade of theft;
18
                          the property stolen is an official ballot or
19
    official carrier envelope for an election; or
20
21
                          the value of the property stolen is less than
    $20,000 and the property stolen is:
22
23
                           (i) aluminum;
24
                           (ii) bronze;
25
                           (iii) copper; or
26
                           (iv) brass;
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2.7

(5) a felony of the third degree if the value of the

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- 1 property stolen is \$30,000 [\$20,000] or more but less than \$150,000
- [\$100,000], or the property is:
- 3 (A) cattle, horses, or exotic livestock or exotic
- 4 fowl as defined by Section 142.001, Agriculture Code, stolen during
- 5 a single transaction and having an aggregate value of less than
- 6 \$150,000 [<del>\$100,000</del>]; or
- 7 (B) 10 or more head of sheep, swine, or goats
- 8 stolen during a single transaction and having an aggregate value of
- 9 less than \$150,000 [\$100,000];
- 10 (6) a felony of the second degree if:
- 11 (A) the value of the property stolen is \$150,000
- 12 [\$100,000] or more but less than \$300,000 [\$200,000]; or
- 13 (B) the value of the property stolen is less than
- 14 \$300,000 [\$200,000] and the property stolen is an automated teller
- 15 machine or the contents or components of an automated teller
- 16 machine; or
- 17 (7) a felony of the first degree if the value of the
- 18 property stolen is \$300,000 [<del>\$200,000</del>] or more.
- SECTION 11. Sections 31.04(b) and (e), Penal Code, are
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 (b) For purposes of this section, intent to avoid payment is
- 22 presumed if:
- 23 (1) the actor absconded without paying for the service
- 24 or expressly refused to pay for the service in circumstances where
- 25 payment is ordinarily made immediately upon rendering of the
- 26 service, as in hotels, campgrounds, recreational vehicle parks,
- 27 restaurants, and comparable establishments;

- 1 (2) the actor failed to make payment under a service
- 2 agreement within 10 days after receiving notice demanding payment;
- 3 (3) the actor returns property held under a rental
- 4 agreement after the expiration of the rental agreement and fails to
- 5 pay the applicable rental charge for the property within 10 days
- 6 after the date on which the actor received notice demanding
- 7 payment; or
- 8 (4) the actor failed to return the property held under
- 9 a rental agreement:
- 10 (A) within five days after receiving notice
- 11 demanding return, if the property is valued at less than \$2,500
- 12 [\$1,500]; or
- 13 (B) within three days after receiving notice
- 14 demanding return, if the property is valued at  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [ $\frac{$1,500}{}$ ] or
- 15 more.
- 16 (e) An offense under this section is:
- 17 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the value of the service
- 18 stolen is less than \$100 [\$20];
- 19 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the value of the service
- 20 stolen is \$100 [\$20] or more but less than \$750 [\$500];
- 21 (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the value of the service
- 22 stolen is \$750 [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500];
- 23 (4) a state jail felony if the value of the service
- 24 stolen is  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [ $\frac{$1,500}{}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$30,000}{}$  [ $\frac{$20,000}{}$ ];
- 25 (5) a felony of the third degree if the value of the
- 26 service stolen is \$30,000 [<del>\$20,000</del>] or more but less than \$150,000
- $27 \ [\$100,000];$

- 1 (6) a felony of the second degree if the value of the
- 2 service stolen is \$150,000 [\$100,000] or more but less than
- 3 \$300,000 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 4 (7) a felony of the first degree if the value of the
- 5 service stolen is \$300,000 [<del>\$200,000</del>] or more.
- 6 SECTION 12. Section 31.08(c), Penal Code, is amended to
- 7 read as follows:
- 8 (c) If property or service has value that cannot be
- 9 reasonably ascertained by the criteria set forth in Subsections (a)
- 10 and (b), the property or service is deemed to have a value of \$750
- 11 [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500].
- 12 SECTION 13. Sections 31.16(c) and (d), Penal Code, are
- 13 amended to read as follows:
- 14 (c) An offense under this section is:
- 15 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the total value of the
- 16 merchandise involved in the activity is less than \$100;
- 17 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the total value of the
- 18 merchandise involved in the activity is \$100 or more but less than
- 19 \$750 [<del>\$50</del>];
- (3)  $[\frac{(2)}{2}]$  a Class A misdemeanor if the total value of
- 21 the merchandise involved in the activity is  $\frac{\$750}{}$  [ $\frac{\$50}{}$ ] or more but
- 22 less than \$2,500 [\$500];
- (4) (4) a state jail felony if the total value of the
- 24 merchandise involved in the activity is \$2,500 [\$500] or more but
- 25 less than \$30,000 [\$1,500];
- (5)  $[\frac{(4)}{(4)}]$  a felony of the third degree if the total
- 27 value of the merchandise involved in the activity is \$30,000

- 1 [\$1,500] or more but less than \$150,000 [\$20,000];
- 2 (6)  $[\frac{(5)}{(5)}]$  a felony of the second degree if the total
- 3 value of the merchandise involved in the activity is \$150,000
- 4 [\$20,000] or more but less than \$300,000 [\$100,000]; or
- 5 (7) [(6)] a felony of the first degree if the total
- 6 value of the merchandise involved in the activity is \$300,000
- $7 \quad [\$100,000]$  or more.
- 8 (d) An offense described for purposes of punishment by
- 9 Subsections (c)(1)-(6)  $[\frac{(c)(1)-(5)}{(5)}]$  is increased to the next higher
- 10 category of offense if it is shown on the trial of the offense that:
- 11 (1) the person organized, supervised, financed, or
- 12 managed one or more other persons engaged in an activity described
- 13 by Subsection (b); or
- 14 (2) during the commission of the offense, a person
- 15 engaged in an activity described by Subsection (b) intentionally,
- 16 knowingly, or recklessly:
- 17 (A) caused a fire exit alarm to sound or
- 18 otherwise become activated;
- 19 (B) deactivated or otherwise prevented a fire
- 20 exit alarm or retail theft detector from sounding; or
- (C) used a shielding or deactivation instrument
- 22 to prevent or attempt to prevent detection of the offense by a
- 23 retail theft detector.
- SECTION 14. Section 32.02(c), Penal Code, is amended to
- 25 read as follows:
- 26 (c) If property or service has value that cannot be
- 27 reasonably ascertained by the criteria set forth in Subsections (a)

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- 1 and (b), the property or service is deemed to have a value of \$750
- 2 [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500].
- 3 SECTION 15. Section 32.23(e), Penal Code, is amended to
- 4 read as follows:
- 5 (e) An offense under this section is a:
- 6 (1) Class C misdemeanor if the retail value of the item
- 7 or service is less than \$100 [\$20];
- 8 (2) Class B misdemeanor if the retail value of the item
- 9 or service is \$100 [ $\frac{$20}{}$ ] or more but less than \$750 [ $\frac{$500}{}$ ];
- 10 (3) Class A misdemeanor if the retail value of the item
- 11 or service is  $\frac{$750}{$}$  [\$\frac{\$500}{\$}] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$\frac{\$1,500}{\$}];
- 12 (4) state jail felony if the retail value of the item
- 13 or service is  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [\$\frac{\$1,500}{}\$] or more but less than  $\frac{$30,000}{}$
- [\$20,000];
- 15 (5) felony of the third degree if the retail value of
- 16 the item or service is \$30,000 [\$20,000] or more but less than
- 17 \$150,000 [<del>\$100,000</del>];
- 18 (6) felony of the second degree if the retail value of
- 19 the item or service is \$150,000 [ $\frac{$100,000}{}$ ] or more but less than
- 20 \$300,000 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 21 (7) felony of the first degree if the retail value of
- 22 the item or service is \$300,000 [\$200,000] or more.
- SECTION 16. Section 32.32(c), Penal Code, is amended to
- 24 read as follows:
- 25 (c) An offense under this section is:
- 26 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the value of the property
- 27 or the amount of credit is less than \$100 [\$50];

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- 1 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the value of the property
- 2 or the amount of credit is  $\frac{$100}{$}$  [\$\frac{\$50}{\$}] or more but less than  $\frac{$750}{$}$
- 3 [<del>\$500</del>];
- 4 (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the value of the property
- 5 or the amount of credit is  $$750 \ [\$500]$  or more but less than \$2,500
- 6 [\$1,500];
- 7 (4) a state jail felony if the value of the property or
- 8 the amount of credit is  $$2,500 \ [\$1,500]$  or more but less than
- 9 \$30,000 [<del>\$20,000</del>];
- 10 (5) a felony of the third degree if the value of the
- 11 property or the amount of credit is  $\frac{30,000}{9}$  [ $\frac{20,000}{9}$ ] or more but
- 12 less than \$150,000 [ $\frac{$100,000}{}$ ];
- 13 (6) a felony of the second degree if the value of the
- 14 property or the amount of credit is \$150,000 [\$100,000] or more but
- 15 less than \$300,000 [\$200,000]; or
- 16 (7) a felony of the first degree if the value of the
- 17 property or the amount of credit is \$300,000 [\$200,000] or more.
- 18 SECTION 17. Sections 32.33(d) and (e), Penal Code, are
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- 20 (d) An offense under Subsection (b) is a:
- 21 (1) Class C misdemeanor if the value of the property
- 22 destroyed, removed, concealed, encumbered, or otherwise harmed or
- 23 reduced in value is less than \$100 [\$20];
- 24 (2) Class B misdemeanor if the value of the property
- 25 destroyed, removed, concealed, encumbered, or otherwise harmed or
- 26 reduced in value is \$100 [\$20] or more but less than \$750 [\$500];
- 27 (3) Class A misdemeanor if the value of the property

- 1 destroyed, removed, concealed, encumbered, or otherwise harmed or
- 2 reduced in value is  $\frac{$750}{}$  [ $\frac{$500}{}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$2,500}{}$
- [\$1,500];
- 4 (4) state jail felony if the value of the property
- 5 destroyed, removed, concealed, encumbered, or otherwise harmed or
- 6 reduced in value is  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [ $\frac{$1,500}{}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$30,000}{}$
- 7 [<del>\$20,000</del>];
- 8 (5) felony of the third degree if the value of the
- 9 property destroyed, removed, concealed, encumbered, or otherwise
- 10 harmed or reduced in value is  $\frac{$30,000}{}$  [\$\frac{\$20,000}{}\$] or more but less
- 11 than \$150,000 [\$100,000];
- 12 (6) felony of the second degree if the value of the
- 13 property destroyed, removed, concealed, encumbered, or otherwise
- 14 harmed or reduced in value is  $\frac{$150,000}{}$  [ $\frac{$100,000}{}$ ] or more but less
- 15 than \$300,000 [\$200,000]; or
- 16 (7) felony of the first degree if the value of the
- 17 property destroyed, removed, concealed, encumbered, or otherwise
- 18 harmed or reduced in value is  $$300,000 \ [$200,000]$  or more.
- 19 (e) A person who is a debtor under a security agreement, and
- 20 who does not have a right to sell or dispose of the secured property
- 21 or is required to account to the secured party for the proceeds of a
- 22 permitted sale or disposition, commits an offense if the person
- 23 sells or otherwise disposes of the secured property, or does not
- 24 account to the secured party for the proceeds of a sale or other
- 25 disposition as required, with intent to appropriate (as defined in
- 26 Chapter 31) the proceeds or value of the secured property. A person
- 27 is presumed to have intended to appropriate proceeds if the person

- 1 does not deliver the proceeds to the secured party or account to the
- 2 secured party for the proceeds before the 11th day after the day
- 3 that the secured party makes a lawful demand for the proceeds or
- 4 account. An offense under this subsection is:
- 5 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the proceeds obtained
- 6 from the sale or other disposition are money or goods having a value
- 7 of less than  $\frac{$100}{}$  [\$\frac{\$20}{}];
- 8 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the proceeds obtained
- 9 from the sale or other disposition are money or goods having a value
- 10 of  $\frac{$100}{}$  [\$20] or more but less than  $\frac{$750}{}$  [\$500];
- 11 (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the proceeds obtained
- 12 from the sale or other disposition are money or goods having a value
- of \$750 [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500];
- 14 (4) a state jail felony if the proceeds obtained from
- 15 the sale or other disposition are money or goods having a value of
- 16 \$2,500 [\$1,500] or more but less than \$30,000 [\$20,000];
- 17 (5) a felony of the third degree if the proceeds
- 18 obtained from the sale or other disposition are money or goods
- 19 having a value of \$30,000 [ $\frac{$20,000}{}$ ] or more but less than \$150,000
- [\$100,000];
- 21 (6) a felony of the second degree if the proceeds
- 22 obtained from the sale or other disposition are money or goods
- 23 having a value of  $\frac{$150,000}{$150,000}$  [ $\frac{$100,000}{$100,000}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$300,000}{$100,000}$
- 24 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 25 (7) a felony of the first degree if the proceeds
- 26 obtained from the sale or other disposition are money or goods
- 27 having a value of \$300,000 [ $\frac{$200,000}{}$ ] or more.

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- 1 SECTION 18. Section 32.34(f), Penal Code, is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 (f) An offense under Subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3)
- 4 is:
- 5 (1) a state jail felony if the value of the motor
- 6 vehicle is less than \$30,000 [\$20,000]; [or]
- 7 (2) a felony of the third degree if the value of the
- 8 motor vehicle is \$30,000 [ $\frac{$20,000}{}$ ] or more but less than \$150,000;
- 9 (3) a felony of the second degree if the value of the
- 10 motor vehicle is \$150,000 or more but less than \$300,000; or
- 11 (4) a felony of the first degree if the value of the
- 12 motor vehicle is \$300,000 or more.
- SECTION 19. Section 32.35(e), Penal Code, is amended to
- 14 read as follows:
- 15 (e) An offense under this section is a:
- 16 (1) Class C misdemeanor if the amount of the record of
- 17 a sale is less than \$100 [\$20];
- 18 (2) Class B misdemeanor if the amount of the record of
- 19 a sale is \$100 [ $\frac{$20}{}$ ] or more but less than \$750 [ $\frac{$500}{}$ ];
- 20 (3) Class A misdemeanor if the amount of the record of
- 21 a sale is \$750 [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500];
- 22 (4) state jail felony if the amount of the record of a
- 23 sale is  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [ $\frac{$1,500}{}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$30,000}{}$  [ $\frac{$20,000}{}$ ];
- 24 (5) felony of the third degree if the amount of the
- 25 record of a sale is  $\frac{$30,000}{$}$  [ $\frac{$20,000}{$}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$150,000}{$}$
- 26 [<del>\$100,000</del>];
- 27 (6) felony of the second degree if the amount of the

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- 1 record of a sale is  $\frac{$150,000}{}$  [ $\frac{$100,000}{}$ ] or more but less than
- 2 \$300,000 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 3 (7) felony of the first degree if the amount of the
- 4 record of a sale is \$300,000 [\$200,000] or more.
- 5 SECTION 20. Section 32.441(e), Penal Code, is amended to
- 6 read as follows:
- 7 (e) An offense under this section is a:
- 8 (1) Class C misdemeanor if the value of the benefit is
- 9 less than \$100 [\$20];
- 10 (2) Class B misdemeanor if the value of the benefit is
- 11  $\frac{$100}{}$  [\$20] or more but less than \$750 [\$500];
- 12 (3) Class A misdemeanor if the value of the benefit is
- 13 \$750 [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500];
- 14 (4) state jail felony if the value of the benefit is
- 15  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [\$\frac{\$1,500}{}\$] or more but less than \$\frac{\$30,000}{}\$ [\$\frac{\$20,000}{}\$];
- 16 (5) felony of the third degree if the value of the
- 17 benefit is  $$30,000 \ [$\frac{$20,000}{}]$  or more but less than \$150,000
- 18 [<del>\$100,000</del>];
- 19 (6) felony of the second degree if the value of the
- 20 benefit is \$150,000 [\$100,000] or more but less than \$300,000
- 21 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- (7) felony of the first degree if the value of the
- 23 benefit is  $$300,000 \ [\$200,000]$  or more.
- SECTION 21. Section 32.45(c), Penal Code, is amended to
- 25 read as follows:
- 26 (c) An offense under this section is:
- 27 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the value of the property

- 1 misapplied is less than  $$100 \ [\$20]$ ;
- 2 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the value of the property
- 3 misapplied is  $$100 \ [\$20]$  or more but less than  $$750 \ [\$500]$ ;
- 4 (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the value of the property
- 5 misapplied is \$750 [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500];
- 6 (4) a state jail felony if the value of the property
- 7 misapplied is  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [ $\frac{$1,500}{}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$30,000}{}$
- 8 [\$20,000];
- 9 (5) a felony of the third degree if the value of the
- 10 property misapplied is \$30,000 [\$20,000] or more but less than
- 11 \$150,000 [<del>\$100,000</del>];
- 12 (6) a felony of the second degree if the value of the
- 13 property misapplied is \$150,000 [ $\frac{$100,000}{}$ ] or more but less than
- 14 \$300,000 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 15 (7) a felony of the first degree if the value of the
- 16 property misapplied is \$300,000 [\$200,000] or more.
- 17 SECTION 22. Section 32.46(b), Penal Code, is amended to
- 18 read as follows:
- 19 (b) An offense under Subsection (a)(1) is a:
- 20 (1) Class C misdemeanor if the value of the property,
- 21 service, or pecuniary interest is less than \$100 [\$20];
- 22 (2) Class B misdemeanor if the value of the property,
- 23 service, or pecuniary interest is  $\frac{$100}{}$  [\$\frac{\$20}{}] or more but less than
- 24 <u>\$750</u> [<del>\$500</del>];
- 25 (3) Class A misdemeanor if the value of the property,
- 26 service, or pecuniary interest is \$750 [\$500] or more but less than
- 27 \$2,500 [<del>\$1,500</del>];

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- 1 (4) state jail felony if the value of the property,
- 2 service, or pecuniary interest is  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [ $\frac{$1,500}{}$ ] or more but less
- 3 than \$30,000 [\$20,000];
- 4 (5) felony of the third degree if the value of the
- 5 property, service, or pecuniary interest is  $$30,000 \ [$\frac{$20,000}{}]$$  or
- 6 more but less than  $\frac{150,000}{[100,000]}$ ;
- 7 (6) felony of the second degree if the value of the
- 8 property, service, or pecuniary interest is \$150,000 [\$100,000] or
- 9 more but less than  $$300,000 \ [\$200,000]$ ; or
- 10 (7) felony of the first degree if the value of the
- 11 property, service, or pecuniary interest is \$300,000 [\$200,000] or
- 12 more.
- SECTION 23. Section 33.02(b-2), Penal Code, is amended to
- 14 read as follows:
- 15 (b-2) An offense under Subsection (b-1) is:
- 16 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the aggregate amount
- 17 <u>involved is less than \$100;</u>
- 18 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the aggregate amount
- 19 involved is \$100 or more but less than \$750;
- 20 (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the aggregate amount
- 21 <u>involved is \$750 or more but less than \$2,500;</u>
- (4)  $[\frac{(1)}{(1)}]$  a state jail felony if the aggregate amount
- 23 involved is \$2,500 or more but less than \$30,000 [\$20,000];
- (5)  $\left[\frac{(2)}{2}\right]$  a felony of the third degree if the
- 25 aggregate amount involved is  $\frac{$30,000}{}$  [ $\frac{$20,000}{}$ ] or more but less
- 26 than \$150,000 [\$100,000];
- 27  $\underline{(6)}$  [ $\overline{(3)}$ ] a felony of the second degree if:

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- 1 (A) the aggregate amount involved is \$150,000
- 2 [\$100,000] or more but less than \$300,000 [\$200,000];
- 3 (B) the aggregate amount involved is any amount
- 4 less than  $$300,000 \ [$200,000]$  and the computer, computer network,
- 5 or computer system is owned by the government or a critical
- 6 infrastructure facility; or
- 7 (C) the actor obtains the identifying
- 8 information of another by accessing only one computer, computer
- 9 network, or computer system; or
- 10  $\underline{(7)}$  [ $\underline{(4)}$ ] a felony of the first degree if:
- 11 (A) the aggregate amount involved is \$300,000
- 12 [\$200,000] or more; or
- 13 (B) the actor obtains the identifying
- 14 information of another by accessing more than one computer,
- 15 computer network, or computer system.
- SECTION 24. Section 34.02(e), Penal Code, is amended to
- 17 read as follows:
- 18 (e) An offense under this section is:
- 19 (1) a state jail felony if the value of the funds is
- 20  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [\$\frac{\$1,500}{}\$] or more but less than \$\frac{\$30,000}{}\$ [\$\frac{\$20,000}{}\$];
- 21 (2) a felony of the third degree if the value of the
- 22 funds is  $\frac{$30,000}{$}$  [ $\frac{$20,000}{$}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$150,000}{$}$
- 23 [<del>\$100,000</del>];
- 24 (3) a felony of the second degree if the value of the
- 25 funds is \$150,000 [\$100,000] or more but less than \$300,000
- 26 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 27 (4) a felony of the first degree if the value of the

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- 1 funds is  $\frac{$300,000}{}$  [ $\frac{$200,000}{}$ ] or more.
- 2 SECTION 25. Section 35.02(c), Penal Code, is amended to
- 3 read as follows:
- 4 (c) An offense under Subsection (a) or (b) is:
- 5 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the value of the claim is
- 6 less than \$100 [\$50];
- 7 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the value of the claim is
- 8 \$100 [\$50] or more but less than \$750 [\$500];
- 9 (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the value of the claim is
- 10  $\frac{$750}{$}$  [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500 [\$1,500];
- 11 (4) a state jail felony if the value of the claim is
- 12  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [\$\frac{\$1,500}{}\$] or more but less than  $\frac{$30}{}$ ,000 [\$\frac{\$20,000}{}\$];
- 13 (5) a felony of the third degree if the value of the
- 14 claim is  $$30,000 \ [$20,000]$  or more but less than \$150,000
- 15 [\$<del>100,000</del>];
- 16 (6) a felony of the second degree if the value of the
- 17 claim is \$150,000 [<del>\$100,000</del>] or more but less than \$300,000
- 18 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 19 (7) a felony of the first degree if:
- 20 (A) the value of the claim is  $\frac{$300,000}{}$  [\$\frac{\$200,000}{}]
- 21 or more; or
- 22 (B) an act committed in connection with the
- 23 commission of the offense places a person at risk of death or
- 24 serious bodily injury.
- 25 SECTION 26. Section 35.025(b), Penal Code, is amended to
- 26 read as follows:
- 27 (b) If goods or services that are the subject of a claim

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- 1 cannot be reasonably ascertained under Subsection (a), the goods or
- 2 services are considered to have a value of  $\frac{$750}{}$  [\$500] or more but
- 3 less than \$2,500 [\$1,500].
- 4 SECTION 27. Section 35A.02(b), Penal Code, is amended to
- 5 read as follows:
- 6 (b) An offense under this section is:
- 7 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the amount of any payment
- 8 or the value of any monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim
- 9 for payment made under the Medicaid program, directly or
- 10 indirectly, as a result of the conduct is less than  $$100 \ [\$50]$ ;
- 11 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of any payment
- 12 or the value of any monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim
- 13 for payment made under the Medicaid program, directly or
- 14 indirectly, as a result of the conduct is \$100 [\$50] or more but
- 15 less than  $\$750 \ [\$500]$ ;
- 16 (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the amount of any payment
- 17 or the value of any monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim
- 18 for payment made under the Medicaid program, directly or
- 19 indirectly, as a result of the conduct is  $\frac{$750}{}$  [\$500] or more but
- 20 less than  $\frac{$2,500}{}$  [ $\frac{$1,500}{}$ ];
- 21 (4) a state jail felony if:
- (A) the amount of any payment or the value of any
- 23 monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim for payment made
- 24 under the Medicaid program, directly or indirectly, as a result of
- 25 the conduct is  $\frac{$2,500}{$}$  [ $\frac{$1,500}{$}$ ] or more but less than  $\frac{$30,000}{$}$
- 26 [<del>\$20,000</del>];
- 27 (B) the offense is committed under Subsection

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1 (a)(11); or
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- 2 (C) it is shown on the trial of the offense that
- 3 the amount of the payment or value of the benefit described by this
- 4 subsection cannot be reasonably ascertained;
- 5 (5) a felony of the third degree if:
- 6 (A) the amount of any payment or the value of any
- 7 monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim for payment made
- 8 under the Medicaid program, directly or indirectly, as a result of
- 9 the conduct is  $$30,000 \ [\$20,000]$  or more but less than \$150,000
- 10 [\$100,000]; or
- 11 (B) it is shown on the trial of the offense that
- 12 the defendant submitted more than 25 but fewer than 50 fraudulent
- 13 claims under the Medicaid program and the submission of each claim
- 14 constitutes conduct prohibited by Subsection (a);
- 15 (6) a felony of the second degree if:
- 16 (A) the amount of any payment or the value of any
- 17 monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim for payment made
- 18 under the Medicaid program, directly or indirectly, as a result of
- 19 the conduct is  $$150,000 \ [\$100,000]$  or more but less than \$300,000
- 20 [<del>\$200,000</del>]; or
- 21 (B) it is shown on the trial of the offense that
- 22 the defendant submitted 50 or more fraudulent claims under the
- 23 Medicaid program and the submission of each claim constitutes
- 24 conduct prohibited by Subsection (a); or
- 25 (7) a felony of the first degree if the amount of any
- 26 payment or the value of any monetary or in-kind benefit provided or
- 27 claim for payment made under the Medicaid program, directly or

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- 1 indirectly, as a result of the conduct is  $\frac{$300,000}{}$  [ $\frac{$200,000}{}$ ] or
- 2 more.
- 3 SECTION 28. Section 39.02(c), Penal Code, is amended to
- 4 read as follows:
- 5 (c) An offense under Subsection (a)(2) is:
- 6 (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the value of the use of
- 7 the thing misused is less than \$100 [\$20];
- 8 (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the value of the use of
- 9 the thing misused is \$100 [ $\frac{$20}{}$ ] or more but less than \$750 [ $\frac{$500}{}$ ];
- 10 (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the value of the use of
- 11 the thing misused is  $\frac{$750}{}$  [\$500] or more but less than \$2,500
- 12 [\$1,500];
- 13 (4) a state jail felony if the value of the use of the
- 14 thing misused is \$2,500 [\$1,500] or more but less than \$30,000
- 15 [\$20,000];
- 16 (5) a felony of the third degree if the value of the
- 17 use of the thing misused is  $$30,000 \ [\$20,000]$  or more but less than
- 18 \$150,000 [<del>\$100,000</del>];
- 19 (6) a felony of the second degree if the value of the
- 20 use of the thing misused is \$150,000 [\$100,000] or more but less
- 21 than \$300,000 [\$200,000]; or
- 22 (7) a felony of the first degree if the value of the
- 23 use of the thing misused is  $$300,000 \ [\$200,000]$  or more.
- SECTION 29. (a) A commission is created to study and review
- 25 all penal laws of this state other than criminal offenses:
- 26 (1) under the Penal Code;
- 27 (2) under Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code; or

- 1 (3) related to the operation of a motor vehicle.
- 2 (b) The commission shall:
- 3 (1) evaluate all laws described by Subsection (a) of
- 4 this section; and
- 5 (2) make recommendations to the legislature regarding
- 6 the repeal of laws that are identified as being unnecessary,
- 7 unclear, duplicative, overly broad, or otherwise insufficient to
- 8 serve the intended purpose of the law.
- 9 (c) The commission is composed of nine members appointed as
- 10 follows:
- 11 (1) two members appointed by the governor;
- 12 (2) two members appointed by the lieutenant governor;
- 13 (3) two members appointed by the speaker of the house
- 14 of representatives;
- 15 (4) two members appointed by the chief justice of the
- 16 Supreme Court of Texas; and
- 17 (5) one member appointed by the presiding judge of the
- 18 Texas Court of Criminal Appeals.
- 19 (d) The officials making appointments to the commission
- 20 under Subsection (c) of this section shall ensure that the
- 21 membership of the commission includes representatives of all areas
- 22 of the criminal justice system, including prosecutors, defense
- 23 attorneys, judges, legal scholars, and relevant business
- 24 interests.
- 25 (e) The governor shall designate one member of the
- 26 commission to serve as the presiding officer of the commission.
- 27 (f) A member of the commission is not entitled to

- 1 compensation or reimbursement of expenses.
- 2 (g) The commission shall meet at the call of the presiding
- 3 officer.
- 4 (h) Not later than November 1, 2016, the commission shall
- 5 report the commission's findings and recommendations to the
- 6 governor, the lieutenant governor, the speaker of the house of
- 7 representatives, the Supreme Court of Texas, the Texas Court of
- 8 Criminal Appeals, and the standing committees of the house of
- 9 representatives and the senate with primary jurisdiction over
- 10 criminal justice. The commission shall include in its
- 11 recommendations any specific statutes that the commission
- 12 recommends revising or repealing.
- 13 (i) Not later than November 1, 2015, the governor, the
- 14 lieutenant governor, the speaker of the house of representatives,
- 15 the chief justice of the Supreme Court of Texas, and the presiding
- 16 judge of the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals shall appoint the
- 17 members of the commission created under this section.
- 18 (j) The commission is abolished and this section expires
- 19 December 31, 2016.
- 20 SECTION 30. (a) The changes in law made by this Act to the
- 21 Penal Code apply only to an offense committed on or after the
- 22 effective date of this Act. An offense committed before the
- 23 effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the
- 24 date the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in
- 25 effect for that purpose. For purposes of this subsection, an
- 26 offense was committed before the effective date of this Act if any
- 27 element of the offense occurred before that date.

- 1 (b) The change in law made by Section 311.035, Government
  2 Code, as added by this Act, applies only to a criminal proceeding
  3 that commences on or after the effective date of this Act. A
  4 criminal proceeding that commences before the effective date of
  5 this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the proceeding
  6 commenced, and the former law is continued in effect for that
- 8 SECTION 31. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

7

purpose.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 1396 was passed by the House on May 13, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 142, Nays 2, 2 present, not voting; that the House refused to concur in Senate amendments to H.B. No. 1396 on May 29, 2015, and requested the appointment of a conference committee to consider the differences between the two houses; and that the House adopted the conference committee report on H.B. No. 1396 on May 31, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 141, Nays 2, 2 present, not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 1396 was passed by the Senate, with amendments, on May 27, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 30, Nays 1; at the request of the House, the Senate appointed a conference committee to consider the differences between the two houses; and that the Senate adopted the conference committee report on H.B. No. 1396 on May 31, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 30, Nays 1.

		Secretary of the Senate
APPROVED: _		_
	Date	
_		-
	Governor	