1-1 By: Thierry (Senate Sponsor - Miles) H.C.R. No. 29 1-2 (In the Senate - Received from the House May 19, 2021; 1-3 May 19, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on 1-4 Administration; May 21, 2021, reported favorably by the following 1-5 vote: Yeas 5, Nays 0; May 21, 2021, sent to printer.)

Τ-0		COMMITTEE VOIE			
1-7		Yea	Nay	Absent	PNV
1-8	Schwertner	Х			
1-9	Johnson	Х			
1-10	Alvarado			Х	
1-11	Buckingham	Х			
1-12	Huffman	Х			
1-13	Menéndez	Х			
1-14	Springer			Х	

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1-16 WHEREAS, Type 1.5 diabetes, also known as latent autoimmune 1-17 diabetes, often receives less attention than other types of 1-18 diabetes, yet those affected by the disease face significant health 1-19 risks; and

1-20 WHEREAS, Like other forms of diabetes, type 1.5 is a chronic 1-21 disorder that impairs the body's ability to process blood sugar, 1-22 which can lead to severe complications without medical 1-23 intervention; type 1.5 is often considered to be a subgroup of type 1-24 1 diabetes and, like type 1, it occurs when the pancreas fails to 1-25 produce an adequate supply of insulin; and

WHEREAS, Type 1.5 diabetes is slow progressing, typically developing over a period of a few months to several years; it primarily affects adults above age 30, in contrast to type 1, which usually first appears during childhood or adolescence; the pancreas 1-26 1-27 1-28 1-29 1-30 of a patient with type 1.5 will eventually lose the ability to produce 1-31 reliance insulin entirely, requiring insulin on 1-32 injections; and

1-33 WHEREAS, Treatment of type 1.5 diabetes is often complicated 1-34 by misdiagnosis, with the disease frequently being mistaken for the 1-35 more common type 2 diabetes; this delays proper care and increases 1-36 the risk of long-term complications; medications and lifestyle 1-37 changes that are generally effective at treating type 2 do little to 1-38 help people with type 1.5, who often become dependent on insulin 1-39 therapy within five years of diagnosis; and

1-40 WHEREAS, Increasing public knowledge of type 1.5 diabetes can 1-41 help to ensure that more patients receive the timely care that they 1-42 need, and the observance of Type 1.5 Diabetes Awareness Day serves 1-43 to promote greater understanding of this serious condition; now, 1-44 therefore, be it

1-45 RESOLVED, That the 87th Legislature of the State of Texas 1-46 hereby designate November 5 as Type 1.5 Diabetes Awareness Day; 1-47 and, be it further

1-48 RESOLVED, That, in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-49 391.004(d), Government Code, this designation remain in effect 1-50 until the 10th anniversary of the date this resolution is finally 1-51 passed by the legislature.

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