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By: Larson, et al. (Senate Sponsor - Campbell) H.B. No. 298
(In the Senate - Received from the House May 1, 2017;
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       May 17, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Criminal
       Justice; May 21, 2017, reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute by the following vote: Yeas 7, Nays 0;
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       May 21, 2017, sent to printer.)
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1-7 COMMITTEE VOTE

1-8		Yea	Nay	Absent	PNV
1-9	Whitmire	X			
1-10	Huffman			X	
1-11	Birdwell			X	
1-12	Burton	X			
1-13	Creighton	X			
1-14	Garcia	X			
1-15	Hughes	X			
1-16	Menéndez	X			
1-17	Perry	X			

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR H.B. No. 298 1-18 By: Whitmire

1-19 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1-20 AN ACT

1-21 relating to a parent's right to view the body of a deceased child before an autopsy is performed. 1-23

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Chapter 49, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended by adding Subchapter D to read as follows:

SUBCHAPTER D. PARENTAL RIGHT TO VIEW DECEASED CHILD Art. 49.51. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:

(1) "Child" means a person younger than 18 years of

age.

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<u>(2</u>) "Parent" has the meaning assigned by Section 160.102(11), Family Code.
Art. 49.52. PARENTAL

RIGHT TO VIEW DECEASED Except as provided by Subsection (b) or (c), a parent of a deceased child is entitled to view the child's body before a justice of the peace or the medical examiner, as applicable, for the county in which the death occurred assumes control over the body under Subchapter A or B, as applicable. If the child's death occurred at a hospital or other health care facility, the viewing may be

conducted at the hospital or facility.

(b) A parent of a deceased child may not view the child's body after a justice of the peace or medical examiner described by Subsection (a) assumes control over the body under Subchapter A or B, as applicable, unless the parent first obtains the consent of the justice of the peace or medical examiner or a person acting on

behalf of the justice of the peace or medical examiner.

(c) A viewing of the body of a deceased child whose death is determined to be subject to an inquest under Article 49.04 or 49.25, as applicable, must be conducted in compliance with the following conditions:

(1)the viewing must be supervised by:

(A) if law enforcement has assumed control over the body at the time of the viewing, an appropriate peace officer or, with the officer's consent, a person described by Paragraph (B); or

(B) a physician, registered nurse, or licensed vocational nurse or the justice of the peace or the medical examiner or a person acting on behalf of the justice of the peace or medical examiner;

1-59 (2)a parent of the deceased child may not have contact with the child's body unless the parent first obtains the consent of 1-60

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the justice of the peace or medical examiner or a person acting on behalf of the justice of the peace or medical examiner; and 2-1

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(3) a person may not remove a medical device from the child's body or otherwise alter the condition of the body for purposes of conducting the viewing unless the person first obtains the consent of the justice of the peace or medical examiner or a person acting on behalf of the justice of the peace or medical examiner.

(d) A person is not entitled to compensation for performing duties on behalf of a justice of the peace or medical examiner under this article unless the commissioners court of the applicable county approves the compensation.

SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.

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