SENATE AMENDMENTS

2nd Printing

Canales, Longoria, Martinez, Guillen, H.B. No. 382 By: Lucio III A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT relating to public junior college district branch campuses, 2 including a requirement that the South Texas Community College 3 District establish an extension facility in a certain location. 4 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 6 SECTION 1. Chapter 130, Education Code, is amended by 7 adding Subchapter K to read as follows: 8 SUBCHAPTER K. BRANCH CAMPUSES 9 Sec. 130.254. SOUTH TEXAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT; EXTENSION FACILITY. The board of trustees of the South Texas 10 Community College District shall establish and operate an extension 11 facility within the corporate limits of the municipality of Edcouch 12 or Elsa. An extension facility established under this section is 13 14 subject to the requirements of Section 130.251. SECTION 2. Sections 130.086, 130.0865, and 15 130.087, 16 Education Code, are transferred to Subchapter K, Chapter 130, 17 Education Code, as added by this Act, redesignated as Sections 130.251, 130.252, and 130.253, Education Code, and amended to read 18 as follows: 19

20 <u>Sec. 130.251</u> [Sec. 130.086]. BRANCH CAMPUSES. (a) The 21 board of trustees of a junior college district may establish and 22 operate branch campuses, centers, or extension facilities within 23 the junior college district's service area, provided that each 24 branch campus, center, or extension facility and each course or

1 program offered in such locations is subject to the prior and 2 continuing approval of the Texas Higher Education Coordinating 3 Board.

4 (b) Such branch campuses, centers, or extension facilities
5 shall be within the role and scope of the junior college as
6 determined by the <u>Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board</u>
7 [Coordinating Board, Texas College and University System].

8 (c) The board of trustees of a junior college district may 9 accept or acquire by purchase or rent land and facilities in the 10 name of the junior college district within the junior college 11 district's service area.

Before any course may be offered by a public junior 12 (d) college within the service area of another operating public junior 13 14 college, it must be established that the second public junior 15 college is not capable of or is unable to offer the course. After the need is established and the course is not locally available, 16 17 then the first public junior college may offer the course when approval is granted by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating 18 19 Board.

(e) The board of trustees of a junior college district may
enter cooperative agreement with independent, common, or county
school districts, state or federal agencies as may be required to
perform the services as outlined in this section.

(f) Notwithstanding Subchapter J, the service area of a junior college district does not include territory within the boundaries of the taxing district of another junior college district. If a branch campus, center, or extension facility

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1 operated by a junior college district outside its taxing district becomes located within the taxing district of another junior 2 3 college district when the other district is established or annexes the territory that includes the campus, center, or facility, the 4 5 junior college district operating the campus, center, or facility must discontinue the campus, center, or facility within a 6 reasonable period, not to exceed one academic year. The junior 7 8 college district in which the campus, center, or facility is located must fairly compensate the junior college district that 9 10 discontinues the campus, center, or facility for any capital improvements that the discontinuing district acquired 11 or 12 constructed for the campus, center, or facility, to the extent the discontinuing district is otherwise unable to recover the current 13 value of its investment in that capital improvement, as determined 14 15 by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board.

16 (g) Subsections (a) and (c) do not apply to a branch campus, 17 center, or extension facility that is established before September 18 1, 1999.

(h) This section does not affect the authority of the Texas
Higher Education Coordinating Board regarding the continued
operation of a branch campus, center, or extension facility.

<u>Sec. 130.252</u> [Sec. 130.0865]. SECURITY FOR REVENUE BONDS ISSUED FOR BRANCH CAMPUS, CENTER, OR EXTENSION FACILITY. Bonds payable from revenue and issued by the governing body of a county or school district to finance the purchase of land or the construction of a facility to be used for a branch campus, center, or extension facility authorized under Section <u>130.251</u> [130.086] may be secured

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1 by a trust indenture, a deed of trust, or a mortgage granting a
2 security interest in the applicable land or facility.

3 <u>Sec. 130.253</u> [Sec. 130.087]. BRANCH CAMPUS MAINTENANCE 4 TAX. (a) The governing body of a school district or a county may 5 levy a junior college district branch campus maintenance tax as 6 provided by this section at a rate not to exceed five cents on each 7 \$100 valuation of all taxable property in its jurisdiction.

On presentation of a petition for an election to 8 (b) authorize a junior college district branch campus maintenance tax 9 10 signed by not fewer than five percent of the qualified voters of the jurisdiction in which the proposed tax is to be levied, the 11 12 governing body of the school district or county, as applicable, shall determine the legality and the genuineness of the petition 13 14 and, if it is determined to be legal and genuine, forward the 15 petition to the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board. The governing body of a county with a population of 150,000 or less, on 16 17 completion of a needs assessment analysis showing adequate need and on approval by the coordinating board, on its own motion and without 18 19 the presentation of a petition, may propose an election to authorize a branch campus maintenance tax. 20

21 Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (c) The [coordinating board] shall determine whether the requirements 22 provided by Subsections (a) and (b) [of this section] have been 23 24 satisfied and whether the proposed tax is feasible and desirable under the coordinating board's rules for junior colleges. 25 In 26 making its decision on the feasibility and desirability of the tax, the coordinating board shall consider the needs of the junior 27

1 college, the needs of the community or communities served by the 2 branch campus, and the welfare of the state as a whole. The 3 commissioner of higher education shall deliver to the governing 4 body of the school district or county, as applicable, the order of 5 the coordinating board authorizing or denying further action in the 6 levying of a junior college district branch campus maintenance tax.

7 If the coordinating board approves the establishment of (d) 8 the junior college district branch campus maintenance tax, the governing body of the school district or county, as applicable, 9 shall enter an order for an election to be held in the territory 10 under its jurisdiction not less than 20 days nor more than 60 days 11 after the date on which the order is entered to determine whether 12 the junior college district branch campus maintenance tax may be 13 14 levied. In the case of joint school district or joint county 15 elections, by mutual agreement of the governing bodies, the 16 elections shall be held on the same date throughout the 17 jurisdictions.

(e) The president of the board of trustees of the school district or the county judge, as applicable, shall give notice of the election in the manner provided by law for notice by the county judge of general elections.

(f) The governing body of the school district or county, as applicable, shall procure the election supplies necessary to conduct the election and shall determine the quantity of the various types of supplies to be provided for use at each precinct polling place and early voting polling place.

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(g) Any qualified voter residing within the boundaries of

1 the jurisdiction in which the tax may be levied is entitled to vote 2 at the election.

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(h) The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The levy of a junior college district branch campus maintenance tax in an amount not to exceed (insert a number not higher than five) cents on each \$100 valuation of all taxable property in _____." (insert name of school district or name of county, as applicable).

9 (i) To be adopted, the measure must receive a favorable vote 10 of a majority of those voting on the measure.

11 (j) Not later than the 10th day after the date of the 12 election, the governing body shall canvass the returns of the 13 election and shall enter an order declaring the result of the 14 election.

15 (k) The proceeds of the junior college district branch16 campus maintenance tax may be used only as follows:

(1) to operate and maintain a junior college district branch campus and support its programs and services in the area of the political subdivision that levied the tax; and

20 (2) under an agreement by the applicable junior 21 college district and the political subdivision levying the tax, to 22 make lease payments to the political subdivision for facilities 23 used exclusively by the branch campus that are owned by the 24 political subdivision.

(1) The governing body of the school district or county approving the junior college district branch campus maintenance tax shall set the tax levy.

1 (m) The junior college district shall maintain and furnish 2 any records and reports required by the <u>Texas Higher Education</u> 3 <u>Coordinating Board</u> [Coordinating Board, Texas College and 4 <u>University System</u>]. The reports shall be made available routinely 5 to the governing body of the jurisdiction in which the tax is 6 levied, and to members of the general public on request.

7 (n) This section does not affect the authority of any 8 jurisdiction levying a junior college district branch campus 9 maintenance tax to create a junior college district in the 10 jurisdiction.

11 SECTION 3. Section 45.105(f), Education Code, is amended to 12 read as follows:

(f) Funds from a junior college district branch campus maintenance tax levied by a school district board of trustees under Section <u>130.253</u> [130.087] may be used as provided by that section.

SECTION 4. Section 51.406(b), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) To the extent that any of the following laws require reporting by a university system or an institution of higher education, a university system or institution of higher education is not required to make the report on or after September 1, 2013, unless legislation enacted by the 83rd Legislature that becomes law expressly requires the institution or system to make the report:

- 24
- (1) Section 7.109;

25 (2) Section 33.083;

26 (3) Section 59.07;

27 (4) Section <u>130.251</u> [130.086];

1 (5) Section 325.007, Government Code; Section 669.003, Government Code; 2 (6) Section 2005.007, Government Code; 3 (7) 4 (8) Section 2054.097, Government Code; (9) Chapter 2114, Government Code; and 5 (10) Section 2205.041, Government Code. 6 7 SECTION 5. Section 130.254, Education Code, as added by 8 this Act, applies beginning with the 2016-2017 academic year. 9 SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

ADOPTED

MAY 2 2 2015

FLOOR AMENDMENT NO.

Amend H.B. No. 382 (senate committee printing) as follows: (1) In SECTION 1 of the bill, in added Section 130.254, Education Code (page 1, line 25), strike "<u>EXTENSION FACILITY</u>" and substitute "<u>INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS IN EDCOUCH OR ELSA</u>".

5 (2) In SECTION 1 of the bill, in added Section 130.254,
6 Education Code (page 1, line 26), strike "<u>shall</u>" and substitute
7 "<u>may</u>".

8 (3) In SECTION 1 of the bill, in added Section 130.254,
9 Education Code (page 1, lines 26 and 27), strike "<u>an extension</u>
10 <u>facility</u>" and substitute "<u>instructional programs</u>".

(4) In SECTION 1 of the bill, in added Section 130.254, Education Code (page 1, line 28), strike "<u>extension facility</u>" and substitute "<u>instructional program</u>".

14 (5) In SECTION 5 of the bill (page 4, line 10), strike 15 "2016-2017" and substitute "2020-2021".

FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 25, 2015

TO: Honorable Joe Straus, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB382 by Canales (Relating to public junior college district branch campuses, including a requirement that the South Texas Community College District establish an extension facility in a certain location.), **As Passed 2nd House**

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Education Code relating to public junior college district branch campuses. The bill would allow South Texas Community College District to establish instructional programs in Edcouch or Elsa beginning with the 2020-2021 academic year.

Based on information provided by the Higher Education Coordinating Board, it is assumed that there would be a cost to General Revenue from an increase in formula funding for South Texas College due to additional students enrolling in the new instructional programs generating additional contact hours and success points for formula funding. The cost would not be seen until at least fiscal year 2022, as formula funding is provided to institutions based on student data prior to the biennium to be funded. However, based on information provided by South Texas College, this analysis assumes the increase in formula funding for additional students enrolling in classes at the new program would not be significant.

Local Government Impact

Based on information provided by South Texas College, implementing the provisions of the bill would be a significant cost to the institution. Establishing new instructional programs could require costs associated with land acquisition, design of a new facility, construction of the facility and infrastructure, technology, and ongoing instructional, academic support, and operating costs. The institution is unable to determine the exact costs for establishing the instructional programs without further study. It is assumed that any additional costs associated with implementing the provisions of the bill would be funded with institutional funds.

FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 14, 2015

TO: Honorable Eddie Lucio Jr., Chair, Senate Committee on Intergovernmental Relations

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB382 by Canales (Relating to public junior college district branch campuses, including a requirement that the South Texas Community College District establish an extension facility in a certain location.), **As Engrossed**

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Education Code relating to public junior college district branch campuses, including the requirement that the South Texas Community College District establish an extension facility in a certain location.

Based on information provided by the Higher Education Coordinating Board, it is assumed that there would be a cost to General Revenue from an increase in formula funding for South Texas College due to additional students enrolling at the new facility generating additional contact hours and success points for formula funding. The cost would not be seen until at least fiscal year 2018, as formula funding is provided to institutions based on student data prior to the biennium to be funded. However, based on information provided by South Texas College, this analysis assumes the increase in formula funding for additional students enrolling in classes at the new facility would not be significant.

Local Government Impact

Based on information provided by South Texas College, implementing the provisions of the bill would be a significant cost to the institution. Establishing and operating a new extension facility would require costs associated with land acquisition, design of a new facility, construction of the facility and infrastructure, technology, and ongoing instructional, academic support, and operating costs. The institution is unable to determine the exact cost of the extension facility without further study. Any additional costs associated with implementing the provisions of the bill would be funded with institutional funds.

FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 30, 2015

TO: Honorable John Zerwas, Chair, House Committee on Higher Education

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB382 by Canales (Relating to public junior college district branch campuses, including a requirement that the South Texas Community College District establish an extension facility in a certain location.), **Committee Report 1st House, Substituted**

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Education Code relating to public junior college district branch campuses, including the requirement that the South Texas Community College District establish an extension facility in a certain location.

Based on information provided by the Higher Education Coordinating Board, it is assumed that there would be a cost to General Revenue from an increase in formula funding for South Texas College due to additional students enrolling at the new facility generating additional contact hours and success points for formula funding. The cost would not be seen until at least fiscal year 2018, as formula funding is provided to institutions based on student data prior to the biennium to be funded. However, based on information provided by South Texas College, this analysis assumes the increase in formula funding for additional students enrolling in classes at the new facility would not be significant.

Local Government Impact

Based on information provided by South Texas College, implementing the provisions of the bill would be a significant cost to the institution. Establishing and operating a new extension facility would require costs associated with land acquisition, design of a new facility, construction of the facility and infrastructure, technology, and ongoing instructional, academic support, and operating costs. The institution is unable to determine the exact cost of the extension facility without further study. Any additional costs associated with implementing the provisions of the bill would be funded with institutional funds.

FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 21, 2015

TO: Honorable John Zerwas, Chair, House Committee on Higher Education

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB382 by Canales (Relating to public junior college district branch campuses, including a requirement that the South Texas Community College District establish a branch campus in a certain location.), **As Introduced**

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Education Code relating to public junior college district branch campuses, including requirement that the South Texas Community College District establish a branch campus in a certain location.

Based on information provided by the Higher Education Coordinating Board, it is assumed that there would be a cost to General Revenue from an increase in formula funding for South Texas College due to additional students enrolling at the new branch campus generating additional contact hours and success points for formula funding. The cost would not be seen until at least fiscal year 2018, as formula funding is provided to institutions based on student data prior to the biennium to be funded. However, based on information provided by South Texas College, this analysis assumes the increase in formula funding for additional students enrolling in classes at the new branch campus would not be significant.

Local Government Impact

Based on information provided by South Texas College, implementing the provisions of the bill would be a significant cost to the institution. Establishing and operating a new branch campus would require costs associated with land acquisition, design of a new facility, construction of the facility and infrastructure, technology, and ongoing instructional, academic support, and operating costs. The institution is unable to determine the exact cost of the campus without further study. Any additional costs associated with implementing the provisions of the bill would be funded with institutional funds.