

1-1 By: Eltife S.B. No. 788
 1-2 (In the Senate - Filed February 25, 2015; March 2, 2015,
 1-3 read first time and referred to Committee on Natural Resources and
 1-4 Economic Development; March 23, 2015, rereferred to Committee on
 1-5 Business and Commerce; April 9, 2015, reported adversely, with
 1-6 favorable Committee Substitute by the following vote: Yeas 9,
 1-7 Nays 0; April 9, 2015, sent to printer.)

1-8 COMMITTEE VOTE

	Yea	Nay	Absent	PNV
1-9				
1-10	X			
1-11	X			
1-12	X			
1-13	X			
1-14	X			
1-15	X			
1-16	X			
1-17	X			
1-18	X			

1-19 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR S.B. No. 788 By: Eltife

1-20 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
 1-21 AN ACT

1-22 relating to requiring direct access to 9-1-1 service from certain
 1-23 telephone systems and equivalent systems that use Internet Protocol
 1-24 enabled services.

1-25 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

1-26 SECTION 1. This Act shall be known as Kari's Law.

1-27 SECTION 2. Subtitle B, Title 9, Health and Safety Code, is
 1-28 amended by adding Chapter 771A to read as follows:

1-29 CHAPTER 771A. ACCESS TO EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES IN
 1-30 GENERAL

1-31 Sec. 771A.001. DIRECT ACCESS TO 9-1-1 SERVICE REQUIRED.

1-32 (a) In this chapter:

1-33 (1) "9-1-1 service" means a communications service
 1-34 that connects users to a public safety answering point through a
 1-35 9-1-1 system.

1-36 (2) "Business service user" means a user of business
 1-37 service that provides telecommunications service, including 9-1-1
 1-38 service, to end users through a publicly or privately owned or
 1-39 controlled telephone switch.

1-40 (3) "Commission" means the Commission on State
 1-41 Emergency Communications.

1-42 (4) "Emergency communication district" means:

1-43 (A) a public agency or group of public agencies
 1-44 acting jointly that provided 9-1-1 service before September 1,
 1-45 1987, or that had voted or contracted before that date to provide
 1-46 that service; or

1-47 (B) a district created under Subchapter B, C, D,
 1-48 F, or G, Chapter 772.

1-49 (5) "Internet Protocol enabled service" has the
 1-50 meaning assigned by Section 51.002, Utilities Code.

1-51 (6) "Telephone system" includes a multiline telephone
 1-52 system.

1-53 (b) This section applies to the extent the section is not
 1-54 inconsistent with or preempted by federal law.

1-55 (c) Notwithstanding any other law, a business service user
 1-56 that owns or controls a telephone system or an equivalent system
 1-57 that uses Internet Protocol enabled service and provides outbound
 1-58 dialing capacity or access shall configure the telephone system or
 1-59 equivalent system to allow a person initiating a 9-1-1 call on the
 1-60 system to directly access 9-1-1 service by dialing the digits 9-1-1

2-1 without an additional code, digit, prefix, postfix, or trunk-access
2-2 code.

2-3 (d) A business service user that provides residential or
2-4 business facilities, owns or controls a telephone system or an
2-5 equivalent system that uses Internet Protocol enabled service, and
2-6 provides outbound dialing capacity or access shall configure the
2-7 telephone system or equivalent system to provide a notification to
2-8 a central location on the site of the residential or business
2-9 facility when a person within the residential or business facility
2-10 dials 9-1-1 if the system is able to be configured to provide the
2-11 notification without an improvement to the system's hardware. This
2-12 subsection does not require a business service user to have a person
2-13 available at the central location to receive a notification.

2-14 (e) The commission or the applicable emergency
2-15 communication district shall grant a one-year waiver of the
2-16 requirements under this section to a business service user if:

2-17 (1) the requirements would be unduly and unreasonably
2-18 cost prohibitive for a business service user to comply with; and

2-19 (2) the business service user provides an affidavit
2-20 not later than September 1 of each year stating:

2-21 (A) the manufacturer and model number of the
2-22 telephone system or equivalent system that needs to be reprogrammed
2-23 or replaced;

2-24 (B) that the business service user made a good
2-25 faith attempt to reprogram or replace the system; and

2-26 (C) if the telephone system or equivalent system
2-27 does not comply with Subsection (c), that the business service user
2-28 agrees to place an instructional sticker immediately adjacent to
2-29 each telephone that is accessed using the noncompliant system
2-30 indicating that during the waiver period the telephone is unable to
2-31 directly dial 9-1-1 and providing instructions for accessing 9-1-1
2-32 in case of an emergency. The instructional sticker must be printed
2-33 in at least 16-point boldface type in a contrasting color using a
2-34 font that is easily readable.

2-35 (f) The commission may adopt rules to implement this section
2-36 for areas that are governed by a regional plan, and an emergency
2-37 communication district may adopt those rules in accordance with
2-38 Section 771.062.

2-39 (g) On the request of the business service user, the
2-40 commission, an emergency communication district, or a home-rule
2-41 municipality that independently operates a 9-1-1 system shall
2-42 provide assistance to a business service user that is within the
2-43 applicable governmental entity's jurisdiction in complying with
2-44 this section.

2-45 SECTION 3. A business service user, as defined by Section
2-46 771A.001(a), Health and Safety Code, as added by this Act, shall
2-47 comply with Section 771A.001, Health and Safety Code, as added by
2-48 this Act, not later than September 1, 2016.

2-49 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
2-50 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
2-51 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
2-52 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
2-53 Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

2-54 * * * * *