By: Anchia H.B. No. 2075

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

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- 2 relating to the operation of certain condominium unit owners'
- 3 associations.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Section 82.002(c), Property Code, is amended to
- 6 read as follows:
- 7 (c) This section and the following sections apply to a
- 8 condominium in this state for which the declaration was recorded
- 9 before January 1, 1994: Sections 82.005, 82.006, 82.007, 82.053,
- 10 82.054, 82.102(a)(1)-(7) and (12)-(21) $[\frac{(12)-(22)}{(21)}]$, 82.108,
- 11 82.111, 82.113, 82.114, 82.116, 82.118, 82.157, and 82.161. The
- 12 definitions prescribed by Section 82.003 apply to a condominium in
- 13 this state for which the declaration was recorded before January 1,
- 14 1994, to the extent the definitions do not conflict with the
- 15 declaration. The sections listed in this subsection apply only
- 16 with respect to events and circumstances occurring on or after
- 17 January 1, 1994, and do not invalidate existing provisions of the
- 18 declaration, bylaws, or plats or plans of a condominium for which
- 19 the declaration was recorded before January 1, 1994.
- SECTION 2. Section 82.003(a), Property Code, is amended by
- 21 adding Subdivision (11-a) to read as follows:
- 22 (11-a) "Dedicatory instrument" means each document
- 23 governing the establishment, maintenance, or operation of a
- 24 condominium regime. The term includes a declaration or similar

- 1 instrument subjecting real property to:
- 2 (A) restrictive covenants, bylaws, or similar
- 3 instruments governing the administration or operation of a unit
- 4 owners' association;
- 5 (B) properly adopted rules and regulations of the
- 6 unit owners' association; or
- 7 (C) all lawful amendments to the covenants,
- 8 bylaws, instruments, rules, or regulations.
- 9 SECTION 3. Section 82.102, Property Code, is amended by
- 10 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsections (f) and (g) to read
- 11 as follows:
- 12 (a) Unless otherwise provided by the declaration, the
- 13 association, acting through its board, may:
- 14 (1) adopt and amend bylaws;
- 15 (2) adopt and amend budgets for revenues,
- 16 expenditures, and reserves, and collect assessments for common
- 17 expenses from unit owners;
- 18 (3) hire and terminate managing agents and other
- 19 employees, agents, and independent contractors;
- 20 (4) institute, defend, intervene in, settle, or
- 21 compromise litigation or administrative proceedings in its own name
- 22 on behalf of itself or two or more unit owners on matters affecting
- 23 the condominium;
- 24 (5) make contracts and incur liabilities relating to
- 25 the operation of the condominium;
- 26 (6) regulate the use, maintenance, repair,
- 27 replacement, modification, and appearance of the condominium;

- 1 (7) adopt and amend rules regulating the use,
- 2 occupancy, leasing or sale, maintenance, repair, modification, and
- 3 appearance of units and common elements, to the extent the
- 4 regulated actions affect common elements or other units;
- 5 (8) cause additional improvements to be made as a part
- 6 of the common elements;
- 7 (9) acquire, hold, encumber, and convey in its own
- 8 name any right, title, or interest to real or personal property,
- 9 except common elements of the condominium;
- 10 (10) grant easements, leases, licenses, and
- 11 concessions through or over the common elements;
- 12 (11) impose and receive payments, fees, or charges for
- 13 the use, rental, or operation of the common elements and for
- 14 services provided to unit owners;
- 15 (12) impose interest and late charges for late
- 16 payments of assessments, returned check charges, and, if notice and
- 17 an opportunity to be heard are given in accordance with Subsection
- 18 (d), reasonable fines for violations of the declaration, bylaws,
- 19 and rules of the association;
- 20 (13) adopt and amend rules regulating the collection
- 21 of delinquent assessments and the application of payments;
- 22 (14) adopt and amend rules regulating the termination
- 23 of utility service to a unit, the owner of which is delinquent in
- 24 the payment of an assessment that is used, in whole or in part, to
- 25 pay the cost of that utility;
- 26 (15) impose reasonable charges for preparing,
- 27 recording, or copying declaration amendments, resale certificates,

- 1 or statements of unpaid assessments;
- 2 (16) enter a unit for bona fide emergency purposes
- 3 when conditions present an imminent risk of harm or damage to the
- 4 common elements, another unit, or the occupants;
- 5 (17) [assign its right to future income, including the
- 6 right to receive common expense assessments, but only to the extent
- 7 the declaration so provides;
- 8 $\left[\frac{(18)}{(18)}\right]$ suspend the voting privileges of or the use of
- 9 certain general common elements by an owner delinquent for more
- 10 than 30 days in the payment of assessments;
- (18) $[\frac{(19)}{(19)}]$ purchase insurance and fidelity bonds it
- 12 considers appropriate or necessary;
- (19) $[\frac{(20)}{}]$ exercise any other powers conferred by the
- 14 declaration or bylaws;
- 15 (20) [(21)] exercise any other powers that may be
- 16 exercised in this state by a corporation of the same type as the
- 17 association; and
- (21) $[\frac{(22)}{}]$ exercise any other powers necessary and
- 19 proper for the government and operation of the association.
- 20 (f) Except as provided by Subsection (g), the association by
- 21 resolution of the board of directors may:
- 22 (1) borrow money; and
- 23 (2) assign as collateral for the loan authorized by
- 24 the resolution:
- 25 (A) the association's right to future income,
- 26 including the right to receive assessments; and
- 27 (B) the association's lien rights.

- 1 (g) If a dedicatory instrument requires a vote of members of the association to borrow money or assign the association's right 2 to future income or the association's lien rights, the loan or 3 assignment must be approved as provided by the dedicatory 4 instrument. If the dedicatory instrument does not provide voting 5 procedures, the board may determine whether a vote for that purpose 6 may be cast electronically, by absentee ballot, in person or by 7 8 proxy at a meeting called for that purpose, or by written consent. If votes are cast by written consent and a lower approval threshold 9 10 is not provided by the dedicatory instrument, approval requires the consent of owners holding 67 percent of all voting interests. If 11 12 votes are cast by another method and a lower approval threshold is not provided by the dedicatory instrument, approval requires 67 13 percent of all votes cast. 14
- SECTION 4. Section 82.111, Property Code, is amended by amending Subsections (c), (i), and (j) and adding Subsections (k), (1), and (m) to read as follows:
- (c) If the insurance described by Subsections (a) and (b) is 18 not reasonably available, the association shall cause notice of 19 that fact to be delivered or mailed to all unit owners and 20 lienholders. The declaration may require the association to carry 21 any other insurance, and the association in any event may carry any 22 23 other insurance the board considers appropriate to protect the condominium, the association, or the unit owners. Insurance 24 policies maintained under Subsection (a) may provide for 25 26 commercially reasonable deductibles as the board determines appropriate or necessary. This section does not affect the right of 27

- 1 a holder of a mortgage on a unit to require a unit owner to acquire
- 2 insurance in addition to that provided by the association.
- 3 Except as provided by this section, any [Any] portion of the condominium for which insurance is required that is damaged or 4 5 destroyed shall be promptly repaired or replaced by the association unless the condominium is terminated, repair or replacement would 6 be illegal under any state or local health or safety statute or 7 8 ordinance, or at least 80 percent of the unit owners[, including each owner of a unit or assigned limited common element that will 9 10 not be rebuilt or repaired, vote to not rebuild. Each owner of a unit may vote, regardless of whether the owner's unit or limited 11 12 common element has been damaged or destroyed. A vote may be cast electronically or by written ballot, including an absentee ballot, 13 14 if a meeting is not held for that purpose or in person or by proxy at 15 a meeting called for that purpose. A vote to not rebuild does not increase an insurer's liability to loss payment obligation under a 16 17 policy, and the vote does not cause a presumption of total loss. Except as provided by this section, the [The] cost of repair or 18 19 replacement in excess of the insurance proceeds [and reserves] is a common expense, and the board may levy an assessment to pay the 20 21 expenses in accordance with each owner's allocated interest. If the entire condominium is not repaired or replaced, any insurance 22 23 proceeds attributable to the damaged common elements shall be used 24 to restore the damaged area to a condition compatible with the remainder of the condominium, the insurance proceeds attributable 25 26 to units and limited common elements that are not rebuilt shall be 27 distributed to the owners of those units and the owners of the units

- 1 to which those limited common elements were assigned, or to their mortgagees, as their interests may appear, and the remainder of the 2 3 proceeds shall be distributed to all the unit owners as their interests may appear. If the unit owners vote to not rebuild any 4 5 unit, that unit's allocated interests shall be automatically reallocated on the vote as if the unit had been condemned, and the 6 association shall prepare, execute, and record an amendment to the 7 8 declaration reflecting the reallocation. Section 82.068 governs the distribution of insurance proceeds if the condominium is 9 terminated. 10
- 11 (j) If the cost to repair damage to a unit or common element
 12 covered by the association's insurance is less than the amount of
 13 the applicable insurance deductible, the party who would be
 14 responsible for the repair in the absence of insurance shall pay the
 15 cost for the repair of the unit or common element.
- (k) If the association's insurance provides coverage for 16 17 the loss and the cost to repair the damage to a unit or common element is more than the amount of the applicable insurance 18 19 deductible, the dedicatory instruments determine payment for the cost of the association's deductible and costs incurred before 20 insurance proceeds are available. If the dedicatory instruments 21 are silent, the board of directors of the association by resolution 22 shall determine the payment of those costs, or if the board does not 23 24 approve a resolution, the costs are a common expense. A resolution under this subsection is considered a dedicatory instrument and 25 26 must be recorded in each location in which the declaration is 27 recorded.

- 1 (1) If damage to a unit or the common elements is due wholly
- 2 or partly to an act or omission of any unit owner or a guest or
- 3 <u>invitee</u> of the unit owner, the association may assess the
- 4 deductible expense and any other expense in excess of insurance
- 5 proceeds against the owner and the owner's unit.
- 6 (m) The provisions of this section may be varied or waived
- 7 if all the units in a condominium are restricted to nonresidential
- 8 use.
- 9 SECTION 5. Section 82.113(g), Property Code, is amended to
- 10 read as follows:
- 11 (g) The owner of a unit [used for residential purposes and]
- 12 purchased [by an association] at a foreclosure sale of the
- 13 association's lien for assessments may redeem the unit not later
- 14 than the 90th day after the date of the foreclosure sale. If the
- 15 <u>association is the purchaser</u> [To redeem the unit], the owner must
- 16 pay to the association to redeem the unit all amounts due the
- 17 association at the time of the foreclosure sale, interest from the
- 18 date of foreclosure sale to the date of redemption at the rate
- 19 provided by the declaration for delinquent assessments, reasonable
- 20 attorney's fees and costs incurred by the association in
- 21 foreclosing the lien, any assessment levied against the unit by the
- 22 association after the foreclosure sale, and any reasonable cost
- 23 incurred by the association as owner of the unit, including costs of
- 24 maintenance and leasing. If a party other than the association is
- 25 the purchaser, the redeeming owner must pay to the purchaser of the
- 26 unit at the foreclosure sale an amount equal to the amount bid at
- 27 the sale, interest on the bid amount computed from the date of the

foreclosure sale to the date of redemption at the rate of six 1 percent, any assessment paid by the purchaser after the date of 2 foreclosure, and any reasonable costs incurred by the purchaser as 3 the owner of the unit, including costs of maintenance and leasing. 4 The redeeming owner must also pay to the association all 5 assessments that are due as of the date of the redemption and 6 7 reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred by the association in 8 foreclosing the lien. On redemption, the purchaser of the unit at the foreclosure sale [association] shall execute a deed with no 9 warranty to the redeeming unit owner. The exercise of the right of 10 redemption is not effective against a subsequent purchaser or 11 lender for value without notice of the redemption after the 12 redemption period expires unless the redeeming unit owner records 13 14 the deed from the purchaser of the unit at the foreclosure sale 15 [association] or an affidavit stating that the owner has exercised the right of redemption. A unit that has been redeemed remains 16 17 subject to all liens and encumbrances on the unit before foreclosure. All rents and other income collected from the unit by 18 19 the purchaser of the unit at the foreclosure sale [association] from the date of foreclosure sale to the date of redemption belong 20 to the purchaser of the unit at the foreclosure sale [association], 21 22 but the rents and income shall be credited against the redemption 23 The purchaser of [An association purchasing] a unit at a amount. 24 sale foreclosing an association's assessment [its] lien may not transfer ownership of the unit during the redemption period to a 25 26 person other than a redeeming owner.

SECTION 6. Section 82.116, Property Code, is amended by

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- 1 adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:
- 2 <u>(a-1)</u> The county clerk shall file a management certificate
- 3 <u>in the real property records of the county under the label</u>
- 4 "Condominium Association Management Certificate" and organize the
- 5 certificates in a manner that is easily accessible and searchable
- 6 by the public.
- 7 SECTION 7. (a) The change in law made by this Act to Section
- 8 82.111, Property Code, applies only to payment of costs incurred on
- 9 or after the effective date of this Act. Payment of costs incurred
- 10 before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in
- 11 effect immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that
- 12 law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 13 (b) Section 82.113(g), Property Code, as amended by this
- 14 Act, applies only to a condominium unit sold at a foreclosure sale
- 15 on or after the effective date of this Act. A unit sold at a
- 16 foreclosure sale before the effective date of this Act is subject to
- 17 the law in effect immediately before the effective date of this Act,
- 18 and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 19 (c) Each condominium unit owners' association that recorded
- 20 a management certificate under Section 82.116, Property Code,
- 21 before the effective date of this Act shall record a new management
- 22 certificate under that section on or before January 1, 2014.
- 23 SECTION 8. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.