By: Hochberg H.J.R. No. 5

A JOINT RESOLUTION

- 1 proposing a constitutional amendment establishing the Texas
- 2 Congressional Redistricting Commission to redistrict congressional
- 3 districts.
- 4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended by
- 6 adding Section 28a to read as follows:
- 7 Sec. 28a. (a) The Texas Congressional Redistricting
- 8 Commission exercises the legislative authority of this state to
- 9 adopt redistricting plans for the election of the members of the
- 10 United States House of Representatives elected from this state
- 11 during the period the commission is authorized to act under this
- 12 <u>section</u>. Congressional districts may not be established by the
- 13 legislature or a court while the commission has authority to act
- 14 under this section.
- 15 (b) The commission consists of nine members selected as
- 16 follows:
- 17 (1) two members appointed by a majority vote of the
- 18 members of the Texas House of Representatives belonging to the
- 19 political party with the most members in the house of
- 20 <u>representatives;</u>
- 21 (2) two members appointed by a majority vote of the
- 22 members of the Texas House of Representatives belonging to the
- 23 political party with the second highest number of members in the
- 24 house of representatives;

1			(3)	two	members	appointed	l by	a	majority	y v	ote	of	the
2	members	of	the	Texas	Senate	belonging	to	the	politic	al	part	У	with
3	the most	me	mber	s in th	ne senat	e ;							

- (4) two members appointed by a majority vote of the members of the Texas Senate belonging to the political party with the second highest number of members in the senate; and
- 7 (5) one member appointed by an affirmative vote of not
 8 less than five of the members of the commission selected under
 9 Subdivisions (1) through (4) of this subsection.
- 10 <u>(c) The member appointed under Subsection (b)(5) of this</u>
 11 <u>section is a nonvoting member and serves as presiding officer of the</u>
 12 commission.
- 13 (d) Each member of the commission must be a resident of this

 14 state. A person is not eligible to serve on the commission if the

 15 person:
- 16 (1) holds an elective public office;
- 17 (2) holds an office in a political party other than
 18 membership on a precinct committee; or
- (3) has served in a position described by Subdivision

 (1) or (2) of this subsection within the two years preceding the

 date the person is appointed to the commission.
- 22 (e) The full term of a member of the commission is a two-year
 23 term that begins on February 1 of the year ending in one in which the
 24 initial appointment to the position is required to be made and
 25 expires on January 31 of the following year ending in three. At the
 26 expiration of the members' two-year terms, the authority of the
 27 commission to act under this section expires until the appointment

of new members in the subsequent year ending in one.

- 2 (f) A vacancy on the commission is filled in the same manner as provided by this section for the original appointment, except 3 4 that, if the commission is convened when the vacancy occurs or if the vacancy exists when the commission reconvenes, the supreme 5 6 court shall fill the vacancy if the initial appointing authority 7 fails to fill the vacancy on or before the 20th day after the date 8 the vacancy occurs or the commission reconvenes, as applicable. 9 The supreme court shall fill the vacancy not later than the ninth day after the earliest date on which the supreme court may fill the 10 vacancy, or as soon after the ninth day as possible. The members of 11 12 the Texas House of Representatives or Texas Senate authorized to appoint a member of the commission may meet as necessary to make an 13 14 appointment or to fill a vacancy.
- 15 <u>(g) A redistricting plan or modification of a redistricting</u>
 16 <u>plan is adopted by a vote of not less than five members of the</u>
 17 commission.

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(h) The members of the commission appointed under Subsections (b)(1) through (4) of this section shall be appointed not earlier than January 25 or later than January 31 of each year ending in one. The member appointed under Subsection (b)(5) of this section shall be appointed not later than the 30th day after the commission convenes under Subsection (i) of this section. If a member is not appointed in the time provided by this subsection, the supreme court shall make the appointment before the sixth day after the last date on which the initial appointing authority could have made the appointment, or as soon after the sixth day as possible.

(i) The commission shall convene on the first business day after January 31 of each year ending in one and shall adopt a redistricting plan for the members of the United States House of Representatives elected from this state not later than July 1 of that year, unless the federal decennial census is delivered to the appropriate officials of this state after May 1 of that year, in which event the commission shall adopt those redistricting plans not later than the 90th day after the date the census is delivered.

- required by Subsection (i) of this section, the commission's authority to adopt a plan is suspended and the supreme court shall adopt a plan for the applicable legislative body not later than September 1 of the year in which the census is delivered, or the 60th day after the last date by which the commission is directed to adopt a plan under Subsection (i) of this section, whichever date is later.
- (k) During the terms of the members of the commission prescribed by Subsection (e) of this section, the commission may reconvene on the motion of at least four of its voting members filed with the secretary of state at any time after the adoption of the initial congressional redistricting plan to modify that plan if the plan becomes unenforceable by order of a court or by action of any other appropriate authority or is subject to legal challenge in a court proceeding. In modifying a redistricting plan, the commission must comply with all applicable standards imposed by this section, other provisions of this constitution, and laws enacted under this section but is not limited to modifications

- 1 necessary to correct legal deficiencies.
- 2 (1) The commission may reconvene in the period and in the
- 3 manner prescribed by Subsection (k) of this section to adopt a
- 4 redistricting plan if the supreme court does not adopt a plan for
- 5 the applicable body in the time provided by Subsection (j) of this
- 6 section, if the supreme court is required to adopt a plan for that
- 7 body because the commission did not adopt an initial plan for that
- 8 body as required by Subsection (i) of this section.
- 9 <u>(m) In a redistricting plan or modification of a plan</u>
- 10 <u>adopted under this section:</u>
- 11 (1) each district must be composed of contiguous
- 12 territory;
- 13 (2) each district must contain a population, excluding
- 14 nonresident military personnel, as nearly equal as practicable to
- the population of any other district in the plan; and
- 16 (3) to the extent reasonable, each district must be
- 17 compact and convenient and be separated from adjoining districts by
- 18 natural geographic barriers, artificial barriers, or political
- 19 subdivision boundaries.
- 20 (n) The commission or supreme court may not draw a
- 21 redistricting plan purposely to favor or discriminate against a
- 22 political party or any other group.
- 23 (o) The legislature shall enact laws consistent with this
- 24 section to implement this section. The laws may include additional
- 25 qualifications for commission members and additional standards
- 26 applicable to redistricting plans.
- 27 (p) The legislature shall appropriate money or otherwise

- provide the commission sufficient facilities and personnel to
 enable the commission to carry out its duties.
- 3 (q) The supreme court has original jurisdiction to hear and 4 decide cases involving congressional redistricting, including a 5 case involving a redistricting plan adopted by the supreme court 6 under this section. A member of the court is not disqualified from participating in a redistricting case because the member has 7 participated or may participate in the adoption of a redistricting 8 plan, but may recuse himself or herself from the case. This 9 subsection supersedes any other law, including an applicable code 10 of judicial conduct, with regard to conflicts of interest by or 11 disqualification of a member of the court. 12
- 13 <u>(r) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. The Texas</u>
 14 <u>Congressional Redistricting Commission shall convene for the first</u>
 15 <u>time on the first business day after January 31, 2011. This</u>
 16 <u>subsection expires January 1, 2012.</u>
- SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 2, 2004.

 The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the following proposition: "The constitutional amendment establishing the Texas Congressional Redistricting Commission in 2011 to redistrict Texas congressional districts."